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ÖZEL OKUL ÖNCESİ İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI



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PRESCHOOL CURRICULUM INTRODUCTION

1.1. CHARACTERISTICS OF THIS PRESCHOOL CURRICULUM

This curriculum has been prepared for private preschools in accordance with the general goals of Turkish National Education as defined in the Basic Law of the National Education along with the Main Principles of Turkish National Education No. **1739.** It has been designed at three levels in three tables. The first level is for young learners who are between 36 and 48 months old, the second level is for young learners who are between 48 and 60 months old and third level is for young learners who are between 60 and 72 months old. There are themes, values, communicative objectives, suggested target vocabulary, suggested structures, method and techniques, materials and projects at all the levels.

The characteristics of this curriculum are as the following:

- 1. This curriculum especially aims to maintain and/ or develop the quality standards of preschool education.
- 2. This curriculum also aims to help young children with the development of autonomy and creativity.
- 3. This curriculum provides young children with a learning area which supports young children's healthy development of mind and body.
- 4. This curriculum helps young children to acquire skills for living together and love for traditional culture.
- 5. This curriculum encourages children to explore the environment with curiosity and it makes children respect nature.
- 6. This curriculum helps children to develop language skills for communication and problem solving.
- 7. This curriculum is rich in play-oriented integrated educational activities which young children can experience in daily lives and therefore, they can acquire communicative skills in their own environments. It means that learning process occurs not only in the classroom but also in their environments.
- 8. This curriculum provides children with both indoor and outdoor activities that have been organized and implemented by considering young children's interests and young children's physical and emotional development.

1.2. PRESCHOOL CHILDREN

Children are eager to learn and they are active thinkers at these ages. They use their imagination and they tend to become competent and independent learners. They experience their surroundings through their senses in order to maximize their learning.

Preschool children are full of energy and they are very active. They should do physical activities for their overall health and well-being. Therefore, our curriculum provides a range of physical activities while they are learning the target language.

1.3. BASIC APPROACH OF THIS PRESCHOOL CURRICULUM

This curriculum has been designed according to the Preschool Curriculum (2013 MEB Okul Öncesi Eğitim Programı). The communicative objectives and skills of this curriculum directly coincide with its objectives and skills.

a) Development of Cognitive Skills

Young learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the world by closely examining similarities/ differences, exploring child- centred themes, examining life patterns and changes (e.g. seasons, life cycles), etc. Young learners will develop their self-expression and imagination through music, dance, songs, craftworks, games, role-plays, stories, etc.

Let's have a close look at the general objectives and skills of these ages.

- Young learners can complete a geometric pattern or math pattern.
- Young learners can identify colours, shapes, numbers and quantity.
- Young learners can place numbers in the correct order such as from the smallest to the largest.
- Young learners compare objects based on size, shape, length, etc.

Let's have a closer look at the types of activities which can be done in the class.

- Teachers can ask young learners to count food items at snack time (e.g. six cookies, ten raisins, four carrots, etc.)
- Teachers can ask young learners to practice simple addition and subtraction using small toys and blocks.
- Teachers can ask young learners to create and use a number line.
- Teachers can ask young learners to play memory games by having students look at a row of 3
 numerals then have them close their eyes and repeat the numbers they saw in the correct
 order.
- Teachers can ask young learners to name the shapes of blocks and other familiar objects.

- Teachers can ask students to arrange coloured blocks and manipulative things (e.g. play dough) into different patterns and shapes. Teachers have students name the resulting shapes (e.g. it's a square, a triangle, etc.)
- Teachers can ask young learners to create objects by cutting out shapes of paper.
- Teachers can ask young learners to jump forward and back or point to things that are far or nearby in a game.
- Teachers can ask young learners to listen to songs and do matching movements in order to reinforce the concepts such as "in", "out", "up" and "down".

There are similar activities in our curriculum.

b) Development of Language and Communication Skills

Young learners are keen to learn and they learn faster. It's quite common for young children not to produce anything during the initial stages or class sessions. This period of adjustment of children should not alarm teachers. Young learners need time to observe the new language and produce it naturally in their own time. They need constant repetition in the target language in a fun way. Therefore, we emphasize singing chants, songs, nursery rhymes and playing games in our school curriculum. They will learn the target language in natural environment. We have also designed our curriculum according to young learners' language abilities at these ages.

Young learners can develop these speaking skills:

- They can speak in complete sentences of four or more words in their native language.
- They can talk easily without stuttering or repeating words or syllables in their native language.
- They can say or sing familiar songs or nursery rhymes both in their native language and in the target language.
- They can correctly name colours, people, objects and make categories of objects both in their native language and in their target language.
- They can use most speech sounds. Language teachers should be aware of the fact that young learners cannot fully master these speech sounds: l, r, s, sh, h, y, v, z and th until they are seven or eight years old. However, young learners are very eager to produce new sounds that they will learn in the target language.
- They use appropriate verb tenses in their native language.
- They can use the pronouns "I", "You" and "me" correctly both in their native language and in the target language.

The activities in our curriculum have been designed according to these abilities.

c) Development of Social and Emotional Skills

Young learners will develop their social abilities to work in groups, play/ share with others, follow and accept rules, etc. Young learners should be encouraged to play and share with their peers. Young learners will develop their self- awareness, self – confidence, and mechanisms for coping with their feelings through group based activities. There are activities that must be done in pairs and groups. We emphasize the importance of working/ playing in pairs or groups in Values section in our curriculum.

d) Development of Motor Skills

Young learners will develop their fine and gross motor skills through tracing, drawing, dancing, colouring-in, miming, playing games, etc. In our curriculum, activities are based on improving young learners' motor skills while they are learning a new language. This curriculum will especially develop listening, speaking and pre-reading and pre-writing skills of young children through art, music and movement (games, role-plays). The daily activities in this curriculum have been given as physical activities and non-physical activities. These can be individual activities as well as small group or large group activities. These activities can be done/ played indoors or outdoors. They can be child-initiated activities and teacher-initiated activities. In our curriculum, there are activities that reinforce these skills in the class sessions. Especially, playing games is the most important tool that will be helpful both in improving language skills and motor skills. We have also given activities of playing games in Projects section in the tables.

e) Development of Self-care Skills

Young learners are keen on developing daily life skills and using tools. They can hold spoons, forks, soaps, shampoo and so on. Young learners need enough sleep every day and they should understand the importance of sleep. They can have a rest and listen to music or short stories. They should also develop good eating habits at these ages. They should consume healthy food and drinks. They should keep their environment tidy and clean. They should put on clothes according to the seasons. They should learn to do buttons and zip up. In this curriculum, there are activities that will help young learners to develop these skills while they are learning the target language.

1.4. GENERAL GOALS OF THIS CURRICULUM

In accordance with this curriculum;

- 1. Young learners will be able to develop a positive attitude towards language learning by having a good time in class sessions.
- 2. Young learners will be able to be aware of the fact that target language is a different language. They will be able to recognize the similarities and differences between two languages.

- 3. Young learners will be able to familiarise with everyday language in English. They will be able to use simple daily expressions in the target language.
- 4. Young learners will be able to build their self-esteem and confidence in a new environment that is set through activities.
- 5. Young learners will be able to use English to communicate with their peers in provided settings through activities.
- 6. Young learners will be able to develop social, physical, intellectual, creative and emotional skills while they are doing activities in the class sessions.
- 7. Young learners will be able to enhance their listening and speaking skills in the target language.
- 8. Young learners will be able to enhance their vocabulary knowledge in the target language.
- 9. Young learners will be able to enjoy learning a new language in various games and activities.
- 10. Young learners will be able to use their imagination and thinking abilities effectively while they are doing activities such as drawing, colouring, playing games or role-playing.
- 11. Young learners will be able to express themselves by using simple words or structures in the target language.
- 12. Young learners will be able to work cooperatively and love playing games or role-playing in a team.
- 13. Young learners will be able to prepare for the primary education not only in English courses but also in other courses.
- 14. Young learners will be able to develop their pencil control and eye- hand coordination as they are doing activities such as tracing, drawing and colouring in class sessions.
- 15. Young learners will be able to observe, discover and identify features in the place they live and in the natural world around them while they're learning a new language.
- 16. Young learners will be able to use their innate love for stories, music, chants, songs, nursery rhymes and role-play and they will be able to use their innate love while they are listening to music, singing chants, songs, saying rhymes and role-playing through the activities.
- 17. Young learners will be able to explore and experiment with sounds, and develop their pronunciation and intonation in the target language.

1.5. IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS CURRICULUM

Teachers will be able to motivate children in the class. It's the fact that young learners are naturally inquisitive, enthusiastic, and receptive to new input. They can be highly imaginative and they are very enthusiastic to learn new things. Children go through the most rapid phase of growth and development in early childhood period. Their brains develop faster than at any age in their lives.

Young learners are keen on listening and they are not afraid of making mistakes. As a consequence of this, young learners can easily develop good skills at pronunciation. It is important that teachers speak English clearly and at a normal pace in the class session.

Young learners have short attention spans. It means that they need a variety of activities to stay focused. Activities should be organized and presented in different ways to keep children alert and interested. If children get bored during the class session, they become very difficult to manage. Therefore, at this level, teachers should take their time and repeat activities until they feel children understand and have fun with the activities.

Young learners should be constantly encouraged and praised during a class session. Teachers should keep in mind that young children need constant reassurance. Teachers should walk around the class whenever children are carrying out an activity and monitor the activity. They mustn't overemphasize children's mistakes or they mustn't emphasize grammar points. Teachers should never miss the point that children must develop a positive attitude towards language learning by having a good time and fun in class sessions.

1.6. ROLE OF THE PRESCHOOL LANGUAGE TEACHERS

Teachers' influence on young learners cannot be underestimated. They play a vital role in young learners' education. They must be qualified for education of young learners.

Preschool language teachers should ...

- develop positive attitudes and language to young learners; they should be supportive in educational environment and they should be caring and loving towards young learners.
- promote creative thinking by asking various questions while presenting the educational activities.
- be keen on playing games and singing songs with young learners in educational environment as repetition is very important at early stages of language learning. Young learners do repetitions while playing games or singing songs.
- encourage parents to play games and sing songs with their children at home.
- create caring, respectful and nurturing environments where young children feel safe and ready to learn the target language.
- provide a well- planned and carefully organised classroom and outdoor environment for young children to practice the target language.
- make clear explanations of tasks to young children when they are about to start doing an activity.
- encourage young learners to use materials in a flexible and imaginative way.

- develop effective systems for planning, assessing and recording children's progress in the target language.
- be attentive to individual children's learning needs and abilities in the target language.
- see plays as a part of this curriculum. They shouldn't see them as a break from the curriculum or a reward for good behaviour.
- see young learners as capable and active participants in the delivery of this curriculum.
- partner with parents and use a collaborative approach to teaching the target language.

1.7. IMPORTANCE OF PLAY

Playing games is the most important means of learning for preschool children. Young children are eager learners and they learn easily while they are playing games. Accordingly, they build self-confidence in their learning process. They participate in games with pleasure. Playing games is a necessary part of healthy child development. While they are playing games, they practice newly acquired skills easily. They also build relationships between their peers. Playing games gives young learners opportunities to be successful individuals while they're developing cooperative learning skills. That is not deniable that through the process of playing games, young learners learn to present their real or imaginary world by exploring, listening, speaking, drawing, painting, building blocks or role-playing.

There are two types of plays; one is children- initiated play in which children pursue their own interests and the other one is teacher-directed play in which teachers play the role of facilitator while they are playing.

In this curriculum, we prefer teacher-directed plays as teachers can extend activities and they can take the control of activities by helping and supporting children to carry out the outcomes of the curriculum. Teachers should design the environment to support children's needs and development.

These are the functions of play in the class:

- 1. Young learners can develop self-control.
- 2. Young learners can make sense of their surroundings.
- 3. Young learners can express personal thoughts and feelings.
- 4. Young learners can solve real problems when they encounter any.
- 5. Young learners can extend language skills.
- 6. Young learners can enhance brain and motor development.

1.8. METHODS AND TECHNIQUES

Teachers should apply activities that involve movement, miming, facial expressions and as many senses as possible into their lessons. Young learners like to move around, see, hear, smell and touch things. Therefore, they need to explore their surroundings.

Young learners love familiar things. They use similarities as the first step for understanding and getting accustomed to the new environment. Teachers should start teaching English with children's favourite songs, rhymes, stories or games that they are already accustomed to in their native language and teachers should repeat these songs, rhymes, stories or games constantly as long as children are actively engaged.

Playing games is maybe the most important tool in language teaching process for these age groups. They acquire the limited language while they are playing and having fun. The words they can acquire while playing are sent to the long term memory easily. Young learners love playing games and they can make rapid progress in target language while playing games.

The importance of **songs, rhymes and chants** should not be underestimated. Music is a powerful tool for language learning and young learners can acquire vocabulary very easily by the help of songs, rhymes and chants. Most children prefer doing actions while singing along. However, some children can have difficulty in coordinating both singing and doing actions such as **miming, gesturing and acting out**. The younger they are, the more difficulty they will have. However, if young learners act out along with singing the song, it means that they understand it.

Story telling is also another powerful teaching tool and it provides valuable cultural input. Stories encourage young learners to be creative and imaginative and advance skills such as prediction and guessing.

Young learners are very active and they love doing a variety of **arts and crafts**. As young learners' bodies are developing rapidly, teachers should provide opportunities for their pupils to develop their gross motor skills by doing arts and crafts in the class. However, art and crafts activities must be at children's skill level. Young learners will feel a great sense of accomplishment and pride when they have completed their tasks. They will also have used their fine motor coordination by drawing shapes, cutting patterns, colouring in pictures and drawing pictures.

Teaching English through **drama** to young learners will help children to have a positive attitude towards it for the rest of their lives. Acting and doing theatre activities help children of all ages focus on communication skills and concentrate their energies on creativity.

Vocabulary should be presented, practiced and recycled through the activities in accordance with this curriculum. Young learners need constant repetition to gain vocabulary.

1.9. MATERIALS

Teachers should use lots of pictures and real objects in the class as young learners need to see, hear, smell and touch things. They need to learn by 'doing', 'smelling', 'seeing' and 'hearing'. Teachers should use pictures and realia such as classroom objects, fruits and vegetables, flowers, plants, clothes, stones, toys, etc. in class sessions.

1. 10. COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES

The communicative objectives of this curriculum have been prepared as listening and speaking skills for young learners. All the communicative objectives are distributed in ten themes in accordance with the names of the themes. They are organized from simple to difficult according to young learners' needs, interests and abilities.

The communicative objectives of this curriculum have been designed in the light of the theory of multiple intelligences. According to Howard Gardner's Theory of Multiple Intelligences, there are eight types of intelligences.

Musical Intelligence: Young learners with musical intelligence listen to and play music; they move to the rhythm while they are humming and they can replicate the tunes they hear or they can create tunes themselves. They are sensitive to melody, rhythm and tone.

Logical/ Mathematical Intelligence: Young learners with mathematical intelligence enjoy working with numbers. They are curious about how things work. They are keen on asking many questions. They are passionate about collecting items and they keep track of their collections. They have the ability of handling chains of reasoning. They recognize patterns easily and order them.

Interpersonal Intelligence: Young learners with interpersonal intelligence tend to have many friends and negotiate between their friends. They are absolutely excellent team players. They work with their team partners easily and they get along with them and they interact with them.

Intrapersonal Intelligence: Young learners with intrapersonal intelligence can control their feelings and moods. They observe and listen to their environment eagerly. They are aware of their personal abilities. They do their best when they are working alone. They can understand their friends' feelings and they can express their own feelings and opinions.

Bodily/ Kinesthetic Intelligence: Young learners with bodily/ kinesthetic intelligence are fond of playing sports and they are physically active. They usually use body language while they are speaking. They enjoy acting, dancing and doing movement activities. They tend to use the body to solve problems.

Spatial Intelligence: Young learners with spatial intelligence are good at art. They like doodling, painting, drawing and building with blocks. They also like doing puzzles and mazes. They

enjoy looking at maps. They can make out the differences or similarities between two pictures and they can understand the order of things. They tend to make new things. They can take things apart, for example toys, and then they can put them back together in a new creative way.

Naturalist Intelligence: Young learners with naturalist intelligence love nature. They enjoy observing plants and catching insects. They also enjoy collecting rocks. They can recognize and classify plants and animals.

Verbal/ Linguistic Intelligence: Young learners with verbal/ linguistic intelligence have a great deal of vocabulary and they can use the vocabulary properly. They order the words and give the correct meaning when they make sentences. They enjoy listening to stories. They like telling jokes and riddles.

1.11. THEMES

The communicative objectives of this curriculum have been prepared as listening and speaking skills for young learners. All the communicative objectives are distributed in ten themes in accordance with the names of the themes. They are organized from simple to difficult according to young learners' needs, interests and abilities at these ages. The names of themes in this curriculum coincide with the general objectives of preschool curriculum.

1.12. VALUES

Values are very important subjects at these age groups. Teachers should emphasize values and encourage young learners to experience these values in their daily lives. This learning process will last in their lifetimes. Therefore, teachers should be a good model to their young learners by presenting these values in class sessions. Young learners will be able to acquire values such as greeting and respecting their friends, being polite and behaving according to manners, appreciating nature, sharing toys with their friends, protecting and taking care of animals, keeping the classroom tidy and clean, respecting traditional clothes, appreciating art, etc.

1.13. ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION INSTRUMENT (S)

Preschool language teachers should evaluate young learners' learning process in the target language by using observation checklists, assigning them to do projects, observing young learners closely and taking notes while they are doing activities. Teachers should also involve parents with evaluation of young learners' learning process.

It's quite common for young learners not to produce anything during the initial stages or class sessions. This doesn't mean that young learners don't learn anything in class sessions. This period of

adjustment of young learners should not alarm preschool language teachers. They should bear in mind that young learners need time to observe the new language firstly and then they produce it naturally in their own time. Preschool language teachers shouldn't scare young learners with written tests or they shouldn't judge young learners by their mistakes. They should let young learners have fun in class sessions. Therefore, preschool language teachers should be patient with young learners' process in learning another language. Preschool language teachers can evaluate young learners' process in the target language by using observation checklists or observing and taking notes of good memories of young learners. Preschool language teachers also should encourage young learners to have portfolios and keep their own works such as arts and crafts, projects in their portfolios with the help of their parents. During the school year preschool language teachers can evaluate young learners' process through these portfolios. At the end of the school year, preschool language teachers exhibit young learners' works and then give them back their portfolios to keep them for the following years.

2. TABLE 1 FOR THE FIRST LEVEL

(Young learners between 36 and 48 months old)

OKUL ÖNCESİ (36- 48 AYLIK ÇOCUKLAR İÇİN) İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI

Young learners between 36 and 48 months old						
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES& SKILLS	SUGGESTED TARGET VOCABULARY	SUGGESTED STRUCTURES	SUGGESTED MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES	
THEME 1 GREETING PROJECT *Playing with their toys and acting out a dialogue about greeting and introducing between their toys DOSSIER * Students start filling in the European Language Portfolio. VALUES *Greeting and respecting their friends	* Greeting * Meeting and introducing * Asking and answering questions about their names * Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and understand their friends' greeting and introducing expressions. * Students will be able to listen and identify the expressions about greeting, meeting and introducing. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to greet their friends. * Students will be able to join together in singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song. * Students will be able to say their names. * Students will be able to ask each other's names.	Afternoon Evening Good Hello Hi I Morning My Name You Your	- Hello! - Hi! - Good morning! - Good afternoon! - Good evening! - I am Jane. You? - What's your name? - My name's Will.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheet Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games	

Young learners between 36 and 48 months old							
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES& SKILLS	SUGGESTED TARGET VOCABULARY	SUGGESTED STRUCTURES	SUGGESTED MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES		
THEME 2 NUMBERS PROJECT 1 * Playing hide and seek and counting from one to ten PROJECT 2 * Counting their ten toys such as marbles or blocks VALUES * Respecting others * Being polite and behaving according to manners	* Counting from one to ten * Asking for permission * Thanking * Taking instructions * Singing a chant, a nursery rhyme or a song about numbers Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and identify the numerals. * Students will be able to listen and understand the quantity of the objects and point/ draw/ stick the objects in their notebooks or books. * Students will be able to listen to a song about numbers and show the numbers which they hear by showing their fingers. * Students will be able to listen to instructions and do the actions accordingly. * Students will be able to listen and understand someone is thanking or asking for permission. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to count their fingers one by one. * Students will be able to count the objects and then match the numerals with the quantity of objects. * Students will be able to sing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about numbers. * Students will be able to ask for permission. * Students will be able to ask for permission. * Students will be able to thank.	One Two Three Four Five Six Seven Eight Nine Ten Balloon Ball Paint Count Finger	- One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten May/ Can I go to the toilet? - May/ Can I come in? - Thank you, sir/ Ma'am Count your fingers, balls, etc.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheet Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games		

	Young learners between 36 and 48 months old							
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES& SKILLS	SUGGESTED TARGET VOCABULARY	SUGGESTED STRUCTURES	SUGGESTED MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES			
THEME 3 COLOURS PROJECT *Painting a rainbow and then talking about the colours of the rainbow VALUES * Appreciating nature	* Naming colours * Talking about the colours of the things * Taking and following instructions * Singing a song about colours Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and identify the colours. * Students will be able to listen and choose/colour/ paste/ trace/ cut out the correct colours. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to talk about the colours of the things nearby. * Students will be able to point and say the colours.	Pink Purple Red White Yellow Green Orange Black Blue Brown Colour Coloured Pencil Crayon Paint	- (It's) green Blue (pointing to the sky) - Yellow (pointing to the sun) - Green (pointing to the trees) - Pink (pointing to a clothing item) - Brown (pointing to his/ her hair/ eyes) - White (pointing to a piece of paper) - Purple(pointing to a plum) - Orange (pointing to an orange) - Colour, please Paint, please.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheet Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking& answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games			
			- (Take out your) crayons, please.					

Young learners between 36 and 48 months old						
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES& SKILLS	SUGGESTED TARGET VOCABULARY	SUGGESTED STRUCTURES	SUGGESTED MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES	
THEME 4 SHAPES PROJECT 1 * Playing with their play dough and making different shapes from their play dough PROJECT 2 * Making a picture or poster of a robot by using different shapes PROJECT 3 * Making a bridge by using three blocks VALUES * Sharing their toys or belongings with their friends	* Naming shapes * Recognizing the names of shapes * Taking and following instructions * Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about shapes Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and put the shapes in the correct order. * Students will be able to listen and choose/colour/ paste/ trace/ cut out the correct shapes. * Students will be able to listen and do the actions accordingly. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to make a bridge with three blocks and talk about the shapes of the blocks. * Students will be able to name the shapes of the objects around them.	Circle Rectangle Square Triangle Star Oval Heart Diamond Bridge Block	- (It's) a circle (It's) a square (It's) a rectangle (It's) a triangle (It's) a star (It's) a diamond (It's) a heart Draw a circle Trace the stars Draw a line Colour two squares Make a bridge.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheet Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games	

	Young learners between 36 and 48 months old						
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE	SUGGESTED	SUGGESTED	SUGGESTED	METHODS AND		
	OBJECTIVES& SKILLS	TARGET	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	TECHNIQUES		
		VOCABULARY					
THEME 5	*Naming body parts	Shoulder	- (My) nose.	Flashcards	Listening		
BODY PARTS	* Naming his/ her gender	Ear	- (My) hands.	Posters	Matching		
	* Taking and following instructions	Eye	- I am a girl.	Story cards	Acting out		
	* Giving suggestions	Finger	- I am a boy.	Worksheet	Drawing		
	* Singing a chant, a song, a nursery rhyme	Hand	- Tidy up!	Audio materials	Colouring		
	about body parts	Head	- Clean up!	Puppets	Drama/ Miming		
		Foot	- Touch your ears.	Games	Arts and crafts		
	Listening skills:	Knee	- Clap your hands.	Board games	TPR		
PROJECT 1	* Students will be able to listen and follow	Leg	- Raise your hand.	Real objects	Asking & answering		
* Conducting a hygiene	the instructions.	Mouth	- Let's brush our teeth.		Flashcards		
day and role-playing	* Students will be able to listen to a song	Nose	- Let's flush the toilet.		Giving instructions		
	and do the actions they hear.	Arm	- Let's wash our hands.		Playing games		
PROJECT 2	* Students will be able to listen and choose/		- Let's comb our hair.				
* Playing with their toys	trace/ colour/ cut out/ paste the person they	Boy					
and talking to their toys	hear.	Girl					
about body hygiene							
	Speaking skills:	Clean					
VALUES	* Students will be able to name the body	Comb					
Taking care of body	parts.	Flush					
hygiene	* Students will be able to do a jigsaw puzzle	Wash					
	about body parts and talk about the body						
	parts.	Touch					
	* Students will be able to give suggestions.	Keep					
	* Students will be able to join together in	Raise					
	singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme.	Tidy					
		Toilet					
I							

Young learners between 36 and 48 months old							
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES& SKILLS	SUGGESTED TARGET VOCABULARY	SUGGESTED STRUCTURES	SUGGESTED MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES		
THEME 6 FRUITS& VEGETABLES PROJECT	* Naming fruits and vegetables * Answering questions about fruits and vegetables * Expressing their feelings about fruits or vegetables * Line is the state of	Apple Banana Orange Pear Pineapple	- (It is) a carrot What is this? - (It is) an apple (It is) an orange What are these?	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheet Audio materials	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring		
Bring in a basket full of fruits and vegetables and then talking about the fruits and vegetables in the basket	* Listening to a short story about fruits or vegetables * Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about fruits or vegetables Listening skills:	Watermelon Cherry Tomato Broccoli Carrot	 - (They're) oranges. - What colour is it? (pointing to a green apple) - (It's) green. - Yummy, yummy! 	Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions		
VALUES *Sharing food with others *Respecting other cultures' eating habits	* Students will be able to listen and choose/ trace/ colour/ cut out/ paste the fruits or vegetables they hear. * Students will be able to listen and put the fruits or vegetables in groups. * Students will be able to listen and put the fruits or vegetables in the correct order.	Potato Lemon	- Yuck! - What colour are they? (pointing to the grapes) - (They are) purple How many? - Six (plums).		Playing games		
	* Students will be able to listen and find the absent fruit or vegetable in a row. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to name the fruits and vegetables. * Students will be able to answer questions about the fruits and vegetables in a basket or a picture. * Students will be able to express their feelings about fruits or vegetables.						

Young learners between 36 and 48 months old							
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES& SKILLS	SUGGESTED TARGET VOCABULARY	SUGGESTED STRUCTURES	SUGGESTED MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES		
THEME 7 CLOTHES PROJECT * Playing with their toys and dressing up them and then talking about their clothes VALUES * Taking care of their clothes * Respecting other cultures' clothes	* Naming clothes * Talking about clothes * Asking and answering questions about clothes * Listening to a picture story about clothes * Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant, a song about clothes Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and find the pairs of clothes/ match the same clothes. * Students will be able to listen and choose/ colour/ paste/ trace/ cut out the correct clothes. * Students will be able to listen to a picture story about clothes and identify the clothes in the picture story. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to talk about their clothes. * Students will be able to ask and answer questions about the colours. * Students will be able to Join together in singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about clothes. * Students will be able to ask and answer questions about the clothes (in a picture story, poster or flashcards).	T-shirt Shirt Shorts Cap Jeans Skirt Dress Coat Boots Gloves Cardigan Umbrella	- (It's) a T-shirt What is this? - (It's) a shirt What are these? - (They're) boots My coat. (It's) blue What colour are your shoes? - (They're) red What colour is your cardigan? - (It's) yellow.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheet Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking& answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games		

Young learners between 36 and 48 months old						
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES& SKILLS	SUGGESTED TARGET VOCABULARY	SUGGESTED STRUCTURES	SUGGESTED MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES	
THEME 8 ANIMALS PROJECT 1 *Making an imaginary farm by using old materials and animal toys and then talking about the animals on the farm PROJECT 2 * Visiting a farm and talking about animals VALUES *Protecting and taking care of animals	* Naming animals * Recognizing animals from their sounds * Talking about animals * Answering questions about animals * Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about animals * Listening to a picture story or a fable about animals * Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and choose/ colour/ paste/ trace/ cut out the correct animals. * Students will be able to listen and put the animals in groups. * Students will be able to listen to a fable or a picture story and point to the pictures of animals which they hear. * Students will be able to listen and order the animals' pictures which they hear the sounds of them. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to name the animals in a picture or on a farm. * Students will be able to join together in singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about animals. * Students will be able to answer the questions about the animals in a picture or on a farm.	Cat Dog Horse Chicken Cow Goat Donkey Sheep	- What is this? - (It's) a cow What are these? - (They're) chickens How many? - Cats (pointing two cats in a picture.) - How many? - Three dogs (pointing three dogs in a picture) - (There is) a donkey. (pointing a donkey in a picture) - (There are) three goats. (pointing three goats in a picture) - (There are) five chickens. (pointing five chickens in a picture) - (There are) six sheep. (pointing six sheep in a picture)	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheet Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking& answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games	

	Young lear	rners between 36 an	d 48 months old		
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES& SKILLS	SUGGESTED TARGET VOCABULARY	SUGGESTED STRUCTURES	SUGGESTED MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES
PROJECT 1 *Making a paper plane or a paper boat and then talking about their paper planes or boats PROJECT 2 * Playing with toy cars, buses, trains in small groups and talk about their vehicles VALUES * Waiting for their turns in a line at the bus stop	* Naming vehicles * Talking about vehicles * Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about vehicles * Answering questions about vehicles * Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and put the pictures of vehicles or toy vehicles into order. * Students will be able to listen and match the same vehicles. * Students will be able to listen and point to/ trace/ colour/ stick/ choose the correct vehicles. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to show and name the vehicles. * Students will be able to answer the questions about the vehicles in a picture and then put them in groups. * Students will be able to do a jigsaw puzzle and then talk about the vehicles by pointing them.	Car Bus Train Boat Plane Lorry Bike Tricycle	- (This is) a bus (This is) a plane. It's fast (This is) a train. It's slow (This is) a car. It's small (There's) a bus It's big It's small It's big Line up What is this? - (It's) a boat What are these? - (They're) cars.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheet Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games

Young learners between 36 and 48 months old							
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES& SKILLS	SUGGESTED TARGET	SUGGESTED STRUCTURES	SUGGESTED MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES		
	0202011 (2020 0111220	VOCABULARY	STREETER		120111174025		
THEME 10 FEELINGS PROJECT Making masks which express different feelings and then playing with them by role-playing VALUES *Respecting others' feelings *Offering help	* Naming feelings * Expressing feelings * Singing a song about feelings * Listening to a picture story about feelings Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and match the opposite feelings. * Students will be able to listen and find the correct picture of feelings. * Students will be able to listen to a song or a picture story and imitate the feelings they hear. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to name feelings. * Students will be able to express their own feelings. * Students will be able to join together in singing a song about feelings.	Happy Angry Sad Hot Cold Hungry Thirsty Full Surprised Scared	- Happy. (pointing to a picture of a happy boy/ girl) - Sad. (pointing to a picture of a sad boy/ girl) - Surprised. (pointing to a picture of a surprised boy/ girl) - Scared. (pointing to a picture of a scared boy/ girl) - Hungry. (pointing to a picture of a hungry boy/ girl) - Thirsty. (pointing to a picture of a thirsty boy/ girl) - Thot. (pointing to a picture of a hot boy/ girl) - Hot. (pointing to a picture of a hot boy/ girl) - Cold. (pointing to a picture of a cold boy/ girl) - Angry. (pointing to a picture of a cold boy/ girl) - I'm happy I'm sad I am surprised I am scared I'm hot I'm cold I am hungry I am thirsty I am full (S/he is) happy.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheet Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games		

	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	SUGGESTED STRUCTURES	PROJECTS
THEME 1	1. Greeting	1 Hello/Hi	PROJECT
GREETING	2. Meeting and introducing	- Good morning/ afternoon/	* Playing with their toys and acting out a
	3. Asking and answering questions about their names	evening	dialogue about greeting and introducing
	4. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song	2 Hello, I'm Jane.	between their toys
		3. – What's your name?	
		- My name's Will.	
THEME 2	5. Counting from one to ten	5. – One, two, three, four, five, six,	PROJECT 1
NUMBERS	6. Asking for permission	seven, eight, nine, ten.	* Playing hide and seek and counting from
	7. Thanking	6. May/ Can I go to the toilet?	one to ten
	8. Taking instructions	7. Thank you, sir/ Ma'am.	
	9. Singing a chant, nursery rhyme or a song about numbers	8. – Count your fingers.	PROJECT 2
		- One, two, three, four, five, six,	* Counting their ten toys such as marbles or
		seven, eight, nine, ten.	blocks
THEME 3	10. Naming colours	10 (It's) green.	PROJECT
COLOURS	11. Talking about the colours of the things	11. – Yellow. (pointing to the sun)	*Painting a rainbow and then talking about
	12. Taking and following instructions	12. Paint, please.	the colours of the rainbow
	13. Singing a song about colours		
THEME 4	14. Naming shapes	14. – (It's) a circle.	PROJECT 1
SHAPES	15. Recognizing the names of shapes	15 – (It's) a square.	* Playing with their play dough and making
	16. Taking and following instructions17. Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about shapes	16. – Draw a triangle.	different shapes from their play dough PROJECT 2
			* Making a picture or poster of a robot by
			using different shapes
			PROJECT 3
			* Making a bridge by using three blocks
THEME 5	18. Naming body parts	18 My nose.	PROJECT 1
BODY PARTS	19. Naming his/ her gender	19. – I'm a girl/ boy.	* Conducting a hygiene day and role-playing
	20. Taking and following instructions	20. – Touch your ears.	
	21. Giving suggestions	21. Let's wash our hands.	PROJECT 2
	22. Singing a chant, a song, a nursery rhyme about body		* Playing with their toys and talking to their
	parts		toys about body hygiene
THEME 6	23. Naming fruits and vegetables	23. – (It's) a carrot.	PROJECT

FRUITS& VEGETABLES	24. Answering questions about fruits and vegetables 25. Expressing their feeling about fruits or vegetables 26. Listening to a short story about fruits or vegetables 27. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about fruits or vegetables	24. – What is this? - (It's) an apple. - What colour is it? - (It's) green. - How many? - Six. 25. – Yummy, yummy! - Yuck!	* Bring in a basket full of fruits and vegetables and then talking about the fruits and vegetables in the basket
THEME 7	28. Naming clothes	28. – It's a skirt.	PROJECT
CLOTHES	29. Talking about clothes 30. Asking and answering questions about clothes 31. Listening to a short story or a fable about clothes 32. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant, a song about clothes	29. – My coat. It's blue. 30. – What colour are your shoes? - (They're) red.	* Playing with their toys and dressing up them and then talking about their clothes
THEME 8	33. Naming the animals	33. – (This is) a cat.	PROJECT 1
ANIMALS	 34. Recognizing the animals from their sounds 35. Talking about animals 36. Answering questions about animals 37. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about animals 38. Listening to a story or a fable about animals 	34. – (It's) a sheep. 35. – (They are) three goats. 36. – What are these? - (They're) chickens How many? - Three dogs.	*Making an imaginary farm by using old materials and animal toys and then talking about the animals on the farm PROJECT 2
			* Visiting a farm and talking about animals
THEME 9 VEHICLES	39. Naming vehicles 40. Talking about vehicles 41. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about vehicles 42. Answering questions about vehicles	39. – (This is) a bus. 40. – (It's) slow. – (There are) three cars. 42. – What is this? – It's a bus.	*Making a paper plane or a paper boat and then talking about their paper planes or boats PROJECT 2 * Playing with toy cars, buses, trains in small
THEME 10 FEELINGS	 43. Naming feelings 44. Expressing feelings 45. Singing a song about feelings 46. Listening to a story about feelings 	43 Happy (pointing to a picture of a happy boy/ girl) 44 I'm happy.	groups and talk about their vehicles PROJECT * Making masks which express different feelings and then playing with them by role-playing

3. TABLE 2 FOR THE SECOND LEVEL

(Young learners between 48 and 60 months old)

OKUL ÖNCESİ (48- 60 AYLIK ÇOCUKLAR İÇİN) İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI

	Young learners between 48 and 60 months old							
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE	TARGET	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND			
	OBJECTIVES	VOCABULARY			TECHNIQUES			
ГНЕМЕ 1	* Meeting	Hello	- Hello!	Flashcards	Listening			
GREETING	* Greeting (friends)	Hi	- Hi!	Posters	Matching			
SKLLTING	* Introducing themselves	Morning	- Good morning!	Story cards	Acting out			
PROJECT	* Asking and answering questions	Afternoon	- Good morning: - Good afternoon!	Worksheets	Drawing			
Making finger puppets	* Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or	Evening	- Good atternoon: - Good evening!	Audio materials	Colouring			
and acting out a	a song	Meet	- I am Kate.	Puppets	Drama/ Miming			
conversation about meeting	a song	Nice	- What's your name?	Games	Arts and crafts			
and introducing between	Listening skills:	Glad	- What's your name? - My name's Jack.	Board games	TPR			
heir finger puppets	* Students will be able to listen and	Lovely	- Nice to meet you.	Real objects	Asking & answering			
nen imger puppets	identify the words relating to	Too	- Glad to meet you.	Real objects	Flashcards			
OOSSIER	greeting and introducing.	100	- Lovely to meet you.		Giving instructions			
Students start filling in	* Students will be able to listen and		- Me too.		Playing games			
he European Language	identify the person who introduces		- Me too.		1 laying games			
Portfolio.	himself/ herself.							
OITIOIIO.	mmsen/ nersen.							
	Speaking skills:							
VALUES	* Students will be able to greet and							
	introduce themselves.							
Respecting their friends	* Students will be able to ask and							
	answer questions about their names.							
	* Students will be able to act out a							
	dialogue about meeting, greeting and							
	introducing themselves.							

Young learners between 48 and 60 months old						
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES	
THEME 2 NUMBERS PROJECT *Playing with an abacus and counting the beads forwards or backwards VALUES * Respecting others' belongings * Taking responsibility	* Counting from one to twenty * Asking and answering questions about the quantity of objects * Asking for permission * Thanking * Responding to gratitude * Asking and answering questions about their ages * Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about numbers Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and match the numbers with the quantity of objects. * Students will be able to listen and match the same quantity of objects, etc. * Students will be able to listen and understand the quantity of the objects and point/ draw/ stick the objects in their notebooks or books. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to count from one to twenty. * Students will be able to ask and answer questions about their ages in pairs or in small groups. * Students will be able to ask and answer questions about the quantity of objects. * Students will be able to thank and respond to gratitude. * Students will be able to join together in singing a song about numbers from one to	One Two Three Four Five Six Seven Eight Nine Ten Eleven Twelve Thirteen Fourteen Fifteen Sixteen Seventeen Eighteen Nineteen Twenty	- One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty How old are you? - (I'm) four May/ Can I go to the toilet? - May/ Can I sit down? - Thank you Thanks You're welcome How many pencils? - Three (pencils) How many? - (There are) eleven.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games	

	You	ng learners between	48 and 60 months old		
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE	TARGET	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND
	OBJECTIVES	VOCABULARY			TECHNIQUES
			- (This is) pink.		
THEME 3	* Naming colours	Red	- (It's)	Flashcards	Listening
COLOURS	* Talking about the colours of the	Blue	yellow.(pointing to the	Posters	Matching
	objects nearby or something in nature	Green	sun)	Story cards	Acting out
PROJECT 1	* Giving and following instructions	Yellow	- (It's) blue. (pointing	Worksheets	Drawing
	* Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or	Pink	to the sea or sky)	Audio materials	Colouring
* Colouring a picture	a song about colours	Purple	- (They're) green.	Puppets	Drama/ Miming
of flowers, animals,	* Asking and answering questions	Orange	(pointing to the trees)	Games	Arts and crafts
a garden, etc. and	about the colours of things	Brown	- What colour is your	Board games	TPR
then pointing and		Black	ball?	Real objects	Asking & answering
talking about the	Listening skills:	White	- (It's) blue.		Flashcards
colours of things in	* Students will be able to listen and		- Take out your		Giving instructions
the picture	name the colours of the objects.		coloured pencils/		Playing games
	* Students will be able to listen and		crayons.		
PROJECT 2	put the colours into the correct order.		- Draw a circle.		
*Making a colour	* Students will be able to listen and		- Colour the flower in		
wheel chart and then	choose/ cut out/ paste the correct		pink, red, etc.		
playing with it and	colours of the objects.		-Colour the trees in		
talking about the	* Students will be able to listen and		green.		
colours on it	do the actions accordingly.		- Put your crayons/		
			coloured pencils away.		
VALUES	Speaking skills:				
	* Students will be able to name the				
* Keeping the	colours.				
classroom tidy	* Students will be able to listen and				
	sing a song about colours.				
	* Students will be able to talk about				
	the colours of the objects nearby.				

	Young learne	ers between 48 and	60 months old		
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND
		VOCABULARY			TECHNIQUES
THEME 4 SHAPES	* Naming shapes * Identifying the shapes of things around them * Taking and following instructions about shapes * Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about shapes * Talking about shapes	Circle Rectangle Square Triangle Star Oval Heart	- (This is) a rectangle (It's) a circle (It's) a square (It's) a rectangle (It's) a triangle (It's) a star (It's) an oval (It's) a diamond.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets Audio materials Puppets Games	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts
*PROJECT *Making a tower with ten blocks and pointing and talking about the shapes of the blocks VALUES *Appreciating art	* Students will be able to listen and put the shapes in order. * Students will be able to listen and point to the shapes they hear. * Students will be able to listen and do the actions accordingly. * Students will be able to listen and choose/ trace/ colour/ cut out/ paste the correct shapes. * Students will be able to listen and put the pictures in groups by their shapes.	Diamond Tower Block	 (It's) a heart. Draw a circle. Trace the stars. Draw a line. Colour in two squares. There's a square. There are two squares. There are three ovals. Make a tower. 	Board games Real objects	TPR Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games
	* Students will be able to group the blocks according to their shapes or colours and then point to them and talk about their shapes. * Students will be able to look, find the absent shape/s in a row and then talk about the shapes. * Students will be able to join together in singing a song shapes.				

	Young l	earners between 48	and 60 months old		
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE	TARGET	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND
	OBJECTIVES	VOCABULARY			TECHNIQUES
THEME 5 BODY PARTS PROJECT 1 * Doing a jigsaw puzzle (consists of 10- 25 parts) about body parts and talking about the body parts PROJECT 2 * Playing "Simon says" VALUES * Keeping the classroom tidy and clean	COMMUNICATIVE	TARGET		Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	
	point and talk about the body parts. * Students will be able to say their		wash your nands.		
	gender. * Students will be able to join together in singing a song about body parts.				

	Young learners between 48 and 60 months old						
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES		
THEME 6 FRUITS& VEGETABLES PROJECT 1 * Making a paper fortune teller which has fruits or vegetables instead of fortunes and playing with it in groups PROJECT 2 * Making fruits and vegetables by using coloured play dough and then talking about their fruits or vegetables VALUES * Sharing with others	* Recognizing the names of the fruits and vegetables. * Naming fruits and vegetables * Talking about fruits and vegetables * Answering questions about fruits and vegetables * Listening to a picture story or a fable about fruits and vegetables * Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about fruits and vegetables * Taking and following instructions * Giving and taking advice * Expressing feelings about fruits and vegetables Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and put the fruits and vegetables into groups. * Students will be able to listen and do the actions accordingly. * Students will be able to listen and choose/ trace/ colour/ cut out/ paste the correct fruits or vegetables. * Students will be able to listen and put the fruits and vegetables in order. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to do a jigsaw puzzle which consists of 4-10 parts and point to the fruits or vegetables on the puzzle and then talk about the fruits and vegetables on the puzzle and then talk about the fruits and vegetables on the fruits or vegetables and then name them. * Students will be able to describe the fruits or vegetables (e.g. it's green, etc.) and then group them.		- (It's) an orange (They're) strawberries What is this? - It's a plum What are these? - They are grapes (There are) five potatoes Give me the banana(s) Bite the apple Show me the pear(s) Yummy, yummy! - Yuck! - Wash the fruits Wash the cucumbers Eat a tomato (There are) five apples.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects			
* Eating healthy food	* Students will be able to express their feelings about fruits and vegetables. * Students will be able to give and take advice about fruits and						

	You	ng learners between	48 and 60 months old		
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES
THEME 7 CLOTHES	* Naming clothes * Taking and following instructions * Answering questions about clothes * Talking about clothes * Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about clothes * Giving opinions about clothes	T-shirt Dress Shirt Skirt Sweatshirt Jumper Coat Socks	- (This is) a scarf Put on your coat Put off your coat What is this? - It's a dress What colour is it? - It's pink There are two T-shirts.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking & answering
PROJECT * Bringing in their favourite clothes and talking about them VALUES * Respecting traditional clothes	Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and find the correct clothes. * Students will be able to listen and answer the questions about the clothes. * Students will be able to listen and do the actions accordingly. Speaking skills:	Shoes Shorts Pyjamas Jeans Trousers Umbrella Hat Scarf Lovely	- (There is) a coat What are these? - (They're) pyjamas (It's) lovely (They're) lovely.	Real objects	Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games
	* Students will be able to talk about the clothes in a picture. * Students will be able to join together in singing a song about clothes. * Students will be able to give their opinions. * Students will be able to talk about their belongings.				

	Young lear	ners between 48 and	60 months old		
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES
THEME 8 ANIMALS	* Naming animals * Describe animals by their colours and sizes	Turtle Dolphin	- (It's) a monkey. - (They're) rhinos.	Flashcards Posters	Listening Matching
PROJECT *Playing with toy animals and asking and answering questions about them	* Answering questions about animals * Talking about animals * Listening to a picture story or a fable about animals * Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about animals	Rhino Horse Monkey Bird Chicken Kangaroo	- What is this? - (It's) a giraffe. (pointing to a giraffe) - What are these? - (They are) penguins. (pointing to the	Story cards Worksheets Audio materials Puppets Games Board games	Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR
VALUES * Taking care of animals * Protesting originals	Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen to the sounds of the animals and find the absent animals and trace and colour it later on.	Penguin Elephant Cow Horse Donkey Lion	penguins) - (They're) white and black. (They're) small (This is) an elephant. It's big. (It's) grey.	Real objects	Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games
* Protecting animals	* Students will be able to listen and number the animals. * Students will be able to listen and choose/ trace/ colour/ cut out/ paste the correct	Tiger Rooster Snake Sheep	(pointing to an elephant) - (This is) an ant. (It's) small.(pointing to an ant)		
	animals. * Speaking skills: * Students will be able to match the halves of animals' pictures and then name the animal. * Students will be able to make up a story or a fable by pointing to the pictures of animals. * Students will be able to answer the questions about animals which they have just seen the pictures of them. * Students will be able to talk about animals. * Students will be able to describe animals by their colours and sizes.	Нірро	- There are two zebras.		

	You	ng learners between	48 and 60 months old		
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE	TARGET	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND
	OBJECTIVES	VOCABULARY			TECHNIQUES
THEME 9 VEHICLES PROJECT 1	* Naming vehicles * Asking and answering questions about vehicles * Describing vehicles by their	Car Bus Taxi Train	- This is a car What is this? - It's a train. (It's) long. (It's) green.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing
* Making a poster of traffic lights	colours and sizes * Talking about vehicles * Singing a chant, a song or a nursery	Boat Plane Truck	- What colour is the bus? - It's red. It's big.	Audio materials Puppets Games	Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts
PROJECT 2 * Making a paper	rhyme about vehicles * Taking and giving instructions	Traffic lights	- The plane is big. (It's) white. - The taxi is small.	Board games Real objects	TPR Asking& answering Flashcards
plane and a paper boat and talking	Listening skills:	Get	(It's) yellow (There are) four cars.		Giving instructions Playing games
about their paper vehicles	* Students will be able to listen and choose/ trace/ colour/ cut out/ paste the correct vehicles.	Go Stop Wait	- (There are) two buses. - Get ready!		
VALUES	* Students will be able to listen and put the vehicles in order.	Walk	- Go! - Stop!		
* Respecting traffic rules and obeying traffic rules	* Students will be able to listen and do the actions accordingly.		- Wait! - Walk!		
	* Students will be able to talk about vehicles. * Students will be able to ask and answer questions about vehicles. * Students will be able to describe vehicles by their sizes and colours. * Students will be able to join together in singing a song about vehicles or traffic rules.				

	You	ng learners between	48 and 60 months old		
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES
THEME 10	* Expressing feelings	Нарру	- I'm happy.	Flashcards	Listening
FEELINGS	* Asking and answering questions	Angry	- I'm angry.	Posters	Matching
	about someone's feelings	Sad	- I'm sad.	Story cards	Acting out
	* Listening to a story about feelings	Hot	- You're happy.	Worksheets	Drawing
PROJECT	* Singing a chant, a song or a	Cold	- Are you happy?	Audio materials	Colouring
	nursery rhyme about	Hungry	- Yes, I am.	Puppets	Drama/ Miming
* Playing with	feelings	Thirsty	- Are you sad?	Games	Arts and crafts
stickers which has	Listening skills:	Full	- No, I am not.	Board games	TPR
emojicons and	* Students will be able to listen and	Surprised	- I'm hot.	Real objects	Asking& answering
pointing to them and	match the opposite feelings.	Scared	- I'm cold.		Flashcards
talking about	* Students will be able to listen and		- She's hungry.		Giving instructions
feelings	find the correct pictures of feelings.		- He's thirsty.		Playing games
	* Students will be able to listen to a		- We're full.		
VALUES	song or a picture story and imitate		- I am surprised.		
	the feelings.		- I am scared.		
*Respecting others'	Speaking skills:				
feelings	* Students will be able to express				
*Offering help	their own feelings.				
	* Students will be able to ask and				
	answer questions about someone's				
	feelings.				
	* Students will be able to say the				
	opposites of feelings.				
	* Students will be able to join				
	together in singing a song about				
	feelings.				

	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	SUGGESTED STRUCTURES	PROJECTS
THEME 1 GREETING	 Meeting Greeting (friends) Introducing themselves Asking and answering questions Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song 	1 Hello/ Hi! 2. Good morning/ afternoon/ evening! 3 I am Kate. 4 What's your name? - My name's Jack.	*Making finger puppets and acting out a conversation about meeting and introducing between their finger puppets
THEME 2 NUMBERS	6. Counting from one to twenty 7. Asking and answering questions about the quantity of objects 8. Asking for permission 9. Thanking 10. Responding to gratitude 11. Asking and answering questions about their ages 12. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about numbers	6 One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty. 7 How many pencils? - Three pencils. 8 May/ Can I go to the toilet? 9 Thank you. / Thanks. 10 You're welcome. 11 How old are you? - I'm four.	PROJECT *Playing with an abacus and counting the beads forwards or backwards
THEME 3 COLOURS	 13. Naming colours 14. Talking about the colours of the objects nearby or something in nature 15. Giving and following instructions 16. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about colours 17. Asking and answering questions about the colours of things 	13 (This is) is pink. 14 (They're) green. (pointing to the trees) 15 Take out your coloured pencils/ crayons Colour the flowers in pink/ red, etc. 17 What colour is your ball? - (It's) blue.	PROJECT 1 * Painting a picture (e.g. of flowers, animals, a garden, etc.) and then pointing and talking about the colours of things in the picture PROJECT 2 *Making a colour wheel chart and then playing with it and talking about the colours on it
THEME 4 SHAPES	18. Naming shapes.19. Identifying the shapes of things around them	18. – (This is) a rectangle. 19. – (It's) a square.	PROJECT

	20. Taking and following instructions about shapes 21. Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about shapes 22. Talking about shapes	20 Draw a circle. 22 (There are) three ovals.	* Making a tower with ten blocks and pointing and talking about the shapes of the blocks
THEME 5 BODY PARTS	 22. Talking about shapes 23. Naming his/ her gender 24. Naming the body parts 25. Taking and following instructions 26. Listening to a story or a fable 27. Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about body parts 28. Talking about their body parts 29. Giving instructions 30. Using gestures and understanding someone's gestures 	23 I'm a girl/ boy. 24 (This is) my head (These are) my eyes. 25 Clap your hands Snap your fingers. 28 (It's) my hair (They're) my hands. 29 Close your eyes. 30 Nod your head. (YES)	PROJECT 1 * Doing a jigsaw puzzle (consists of 10- 25 parts) about body parts and talking about the body parts PROJECT 2 * Playing "Simon says"
THEME 6 FRUITS& VEGETABLES	31. Naming fruits and vegetables 32. Talking about fruits and vegetables 33. Answering questions about fruits and vegetables 34. Listening to a picture story or a fable about fruits and vegetables 35. Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about fruits and vegetables 36. Taking and following instructions 37. Giving and taking advice 38. Expressing feelings about fruits and vegetables	- Shake your head. (NO) 31. – (It's) an orange. - (They're) strawberries. 32 There are five potatoes. 34. – What is this? - (It's) a plum. - What are these? - (They're grapes.) 36. – Bite the apple. 37 Wash the cucumbers. 38 Yummy, yummy! - Yuck!	PROJECT 1 * Making a paper fortune teller which has fruits or vegetables instead of fortunes and playing with it in groups PROJECT 2 * Making fruits and vegetables by using coloured play dough and then talking about their fruits or vegetables
THEME 7 CLOTHES	 39. Naming clothes 40. Taking and following instructions 41. Answering questions about clothes 42. Talking about clothes 43. Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about clothes 44. Giving opinions about clothes 	39. – (This is) a scarf. 40. – Put on your coat. - Put off your coat. 41. – What is this? - (It's) a dress. 42. – (There are) two T-shirts. 44. – (It's) lovely. - (They're) lovely.	PROJECT * Bringing in their favourite clothes and talking about them

THEME 8 ANIMALS	 45. Naming animals 46. Describe animals by their colours and sizes 47. Answering questions about animals 48. Talking about animals 49. Listening to a picture story or a fable about animals 50. Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about animals 	45. – (It's) a monkey. - (They're) rhinos. 46. – (They're) white and black. (They're) small. 47. – What is this? - (It's) a giraffe. 48. (There are) two zebras.	PROJECT * Playing with the toy animals and asking and answering questions about the animals
THEME 9 VEHICLES	 51. Naming vehicles 52. Asking and answering questions about vehicles 53. Describing vehicles by sizes and colours 54. Talking about vehicles 55. Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about vehicles 56. Taking and giving instructions 	51. – (This is) a car. 52. – What is this? - (It's) a train. 53. – The taxi is small. It's yellow. - The train is long. It's green. 54. – (There are) two buses. 56. – Get ready! - Go!	PROJECT 1 * Making a poster of traffic lights PROJECT 2 * Making a paper plane and a paper boat and talking about their paper vehicles VALUES: * Respecting traffic rules and obeying traffic rules
THEME 10 FEELINGS	57. Expressing feelings 58. Asking and answering questions about someone's feelings 59. Listening to a story about feelings 60. Singing a chant, a song or a nursery rhyme about feelings	57. – I'm happy. 58. – Are you happy? - Yes, I am.	PROJECT * Playing with stickers which has emojicons and pointing to them and talking about feelings

4. TABLE 3 FOR THE THIRD LEVEL

(Young learners between 60 and 72 months old)

OKUL ÖNCESİ (60- 72 AYLIK ÇOCUKLAR İÇİN) İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI

	Young learners be	tween 60 and 72 mo	onths old		
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES
THEME 1 FAMILY PROJECT * Making a family tree and introducing family members in the family DOSSIER * Students start filling in the European Language Portfolio. VALUES * Respecting their friends * Playing/ working in a team	* Meeting * Greeting (friends) * Introducing themselves and their family members * Asking and answering questions about meeting, greeting and introducing * Naming family members * Identifying someone's family members * Talking about family members * Asking and answering questions about family members * Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about family members Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and identify the family members in a picture. * Students will be able to listen to a picture story and then point to the pictures and recognize the family members. * Students will be able to listen and choose/ colour/ paste/ trace/ cut out the correct family members. * Students will be able to listen to a fable or a short story and point to the pictures of the family members.	Hello Hi Morning Afternoon Evening Mom Dad Sister Brother Grandma Grandpa	- Hello! - Hi! - Good morning! - Good afternoon! - Good evening! - I am Kate What's your name? - My name's Gary Nice to meet you Glad to meet you Lovely to meet you Me too (This is my) Mom (This is my) Dad (This is my) sister. Her name is Emily (This is my) grandma Who is this? - (It's) my Mom.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games
* Respecting Atatürk * Talking about Atatürk's family members	Speaking skills: * Students will be able to greet, introduce themselves and their family members. * Students will be able to talk about the family members in a picture or a picture story. * Students will be able to introduce imaginary family members. * Students will be able to join together in singing a song about family members.		- (It's) my brother. His name is John. - Who is this? - (It's) Jack's grandpa.		

	Young l	earners between 60	and 72 months old		
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES
THEME 2 NUMBERS PROJECT 1 Playing hopscotch	* Identifying numbers from 1-20 * Counting from one to twenty in a rhythmic way * Putting the numbers from 1 to 20 into the correct order * Doing addition by using toys or pictures of toys such as marbles or blocks	One Two Three Four Five Six Seven	- (This is) number two One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty How many beans are there in	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets Audio materials Puppets Games	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts
PROJECT 2 Playing with an abacus and count the beads forwards or backwards PROJECT 3	* Doing subtraction by using toys or pictures of toys such as marbles or blocks * Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about numbers * Asking for permission * Thanking	Eight Nine Ten Eleven Twelve Thirteen	the bag? - Ten Put a bean into the bag. How many beans? - Eleven How many beans are there in	Board games Real objects	TPR Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games
*Playing with the bean bag and doing addition and subtraction by putting beans into the bag or taking beans out of the bag	* Responding to gratitude Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and put the numbers into the correct order. * Students will be able to listen and choose/colour/ paste/ trace/ cut out the correct numbers.	Fourteen Fifteen Sixteen Seventeen Eighteen Nineteen Twenty	the bag? - Nineteen Take four beans out of the bag. How many? - One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen There are fifteen beans in the		
* Respecting the elderly * Using a polite language in the classroom	Speaking skills: * Students will be able to do addition and subtraction by using toys or pictures of toys such as marbles or blocks. * Students will be able to count from one to twenty in a rhythmic way.		bag May/ Can I go to the toilet? - May/ Can I come in? - May/ Can I sit down? - Thank you Thanks You're welcome.		

	Young learners between 60 and 72 months old					
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES	
			- Red. (pointing to the cover of			
THEME 3	* Recognizing colours	Red	someone's book)	Flashcards	Listening	
COLOURS	* Talking about the colours of things	Blue	- My marble is blue.	Posters	Matching	
	* Asking and answering questions about	Green	- What colour is the sun?	Story cards	Acting out	
	colours	Yellow	- It's yellow.	Worksheets	Drawing	
PROJECT 1	* Taking and following instructions	Pink	- What colour are the trees?	Audio materials	Colouring	
	* Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a	Purple	- They're green.	Puppets	Drama/ Miming	
* Stringing colourful	song about colours	Orange	- What colour is the sky?	Games	Arts and crafts	
beads and making a		Brown	- It's blue.	Board games	TPR	
chain	Listening skills:	Black	- Colour the flowers in pink.	Real objects	Asking& answering	
	* Students will be able to listen and choose/	White			Flashcards	
PROJECT 2	paint/ paste/ stick/ cut out the correct	Grey			Giving instructions	
Colouring in the flag	colours.				Playing games	
of Turkey	* Students will be able to listen and identify					
	the colours.					
VALUES	* Students will be able to listen and do the					
	actions accordingly.					
* Respecting their own						
country's flag	Speaking skills:					
	* Students will be able to make a pattern of					
	coloured things and say the colours in					
	order.					
	* Students will be able to talk about the					
	colours of things.					
	* Students will be able to ask and answer					
	questions about the colours in a picture.					
	* Students will be able to join together in					
	singing a song, a chant or a nursery rhyme					
	about colours.					

	Young lear	rners between 60 and	72 months old		
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES
THEME 4 SHAPES PROJECT * Making a chart by using three different colours of shapes VALUES *Appreciating art	* Naming shapes * Identify the shapes of the objects * Describing the things such as blocks, classroom objects, etc. * Asking and answering questions about shapes * Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about shapes * Students will be able to listen and make a new shape by using different shapes of blocks, pictures or stickers. * Students will be able to listen and form groups of the blocks by shapes. * Students will be able to listen and choose/ colour/ paste/ trace/ cut out the correct shapes. * Students will be able to make patterns by using three shapes and then talk about the shapes. * Students will be able to look, find and say the differences in two pictures showing shapes. * Students will be able to look, find and tell the similarities in two pictures showing shapes. * Students will be able to ask and answer	Square Rectangle Circle Triangle Star Oval Diamond Play Block Plastic Wooden Paper	- (This is) a square What is this? - It's a rectangle Is it a triangle? - No, it isn't. It's a square What are these? - They are circles Count the circles. How many circles? - Six My blocks are plastic/wooden They are green They are small They're triangles.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objects	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games
	questions about the shapes. * Students will be able describe the things such as blocks or classroom objects (e.g. plastic, wooden, green, blue, big, small, etc.).				

Young learners between 60 and 72 months old					
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES
THEME 5 BODY PARTS PROJECT * Playing "Simon Says" game in small groups VALUES * Taking care of body hygiene	* Naming body parts * Talking about their physical appearance * Taking and following instructions * Giving and taking advice * Listening to a picture story or a fable * Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about body parts Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and draw the parts of the body in an incomplete picture. * Students will be able to listen and choose/ colour/ paste/ trace/ cut out the correct parts of the body. * Students will be able to listen and do/ mime the actions accordingly. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to do a jigsaw puzzle that consists of 10-25 parts and then point to the body parts and talk about them. * Students will be able to talk about their physical appearance. * Students will be able to give and	Hair Head Shoulder Arm Leg Foot Chin Knee Hand Eye Ear Mouth Nose Teeth Touch Hold Close Blink Bend Brush Flush Wash Stamp Snap Give	- (This is) my head (These are) my ears Snap your fingers Stamp your feet Give me a five Touch your nose Bend your knees Hold your hands Close your eyes Blink your eyes Close your mouth I've got blonde hair I've got green eyes Brush your teeth Flush the toilet.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets Audio materials Puppets Games Board games Real objets	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR Asking & answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games
	their physical appearance.	•	- Flush the toilet.		

	Young learners between 60 and 72 months old					
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES	
THEME 6 FRUITS& VEGETABLES PROJECT	* Recognizing the names of the fruits and vegetables. * Describing fruits and vegetables * Talking about likes and dislikes * Asking questions about fruits and vegetables * Asking reasons and giving explanations * Listening to a picture story or a fable about fruits and vegetables * Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song	Banana Apple Pear Plum Orange Potato Tomato Grapes	- (This is) an apple (There are) three oranges What is this? - It's a plum What are these/ those? - They are grapes.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets Audio materials Puppets Games Board games	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts TPR	
* Making a fruit salad with their friends and then talking about the fruits in the salad	about fruits and vegetables * Giving and taking advice Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and do/ mime the actions accordingly. * Students will be able to listen and choose/ colour/ paste/ trace/ cut out the correct fruits or vegetables. * Students will be able to listen and identify someone's likes and dislikes. * Students will be able to listen and understand	Strawberry Watermelon Lemon Cucumber Eggplant Lettuce Carrot Broccoli Green bell pepper Corn	- I like bananas. Why? - Because they are sweetI love apples Why? - Because they are crunchyI don't like lemons Why? - Because they are	Real objects	Asking& answering Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games	
* Sharing food with others	the reasons. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to make patterns with three fruits or vegetables and then talk about them. * Students will be able to ask reasons and give explanations. * Students will be able to join together in singing a song about fruits and vegetables. * Students will be able to talk about their likes and dislikes.	Mushroom Chilli pepper Crunchy Sour Sweet Bitter Fresh	sourYummy, yummy! -It's sweetIt's fresh It's crunchy Yuck! - It's sour It's bitter Wash the fruits Wash the vegetables.			

Young learners between 60 and 72 months old						
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES	
THEME 7	* Naming seasons and clothes	Autumn	- (I've got) a hat. It's	Flashcards	Listening	
SEASONS&	* Grouping the clothes according to	Winter	orange.	Posters	Matching	
CLOTHES	seasons	Spring	- It's Autumn.	Story cards	Acting out	
CLOTTILD	* Taking and following the	Summer	- It's Winter.	Worksheets	Drawing	
PROJECT	instructions	Summer	- It's Spring.	Audio materials	Colouring	
TROJECT	* Asking reasons and giving	Cold	- It's Summer.	Puppets	Drama/ Miming	
* Making a seasons	explanations	Hot	- Put on a T-shirt in	Games	Arts and crafts	
chart with suitable	* Talking about belongings	1100	Summer.	Board games	TPR	
clothes on it	* Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant	Sunny	- Put on your coat.	Real objects	Asking& answering	
ciotiles off it	or a song about seasons and clothes	Rainy	- Why?	Real objects	Flashcards	
	of a sofig about seasons and cioties	Windy	- Because it's cold.		Giving instructions	
	Listening skills:	Snowy	-Take off your coat.		Playing games	
	* Students will be able to listen and	Showy	- Why?		Taying games	
	choose/ colour/ paste/ trace/ cut out	Coat	- Because it's hot.			
	the correct seasons or clothes.	Skirt	-Take the umbrella.			
VALUES	* Students will be able to listen and	Shirt	- Why?			
VALUES	group the clothes according to the	Jumper	- Because it's rainy.			
* Putting on clothes	seasons.	Cardigan	- Put on your hat.			
according to seasons	* Students will be able to listen and	Cardigan	- Tut on your nat.			
according to seasons	do/ mime the actions accordingly.	Gloves	- Because it's sunny.			
	do/ finite the actions accordingly.	Socks	- Put on your jumper.			
	Speaking skills:	Shoes	- Put on your gloves.			
	* Students will be able to name	Shorts	- Why?			
	seasons and clothes.	Trousers	- Because it's snowy.			
	* Students will be able to talk about	Jeans	- (I've got) a hat. It's			
	their belongings (e.g. clothes.	Julio	orange.			
	* Students will be able to ask	Umbrella	- Why?			
	reasons and give explanations.	Hat	- I've got a T-shirt.			
	reasons and give explanations.	Scarf	- I've got a 1-sint. - I've got jeans.			
		Sweatshirt	- 1 ve got jeans.			

	Young learners between 60 and 72 months old					
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES	
THEME 8 ANIMALS	* Naming animals * Describing animals * Talking about animals * Talking about abilities or inabilities of animals	Horse Monkey Bird Chicken	- (It's) a parrotWhere is your cat? -(It's) in the basketWhat is this?	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing	
PROJECT 1	* Listening to a story or a fable about animals	Kangaroo Penguin Elephant	 (It's) a giraffe. What are these? (They are) elephants.	Audio materials Puppets Games	Colouring Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts	
* Bringing in a fish or a hamster and feeding this pet	* Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about animals * Asking and answering questions about abilities of animals.	Cow Horse Donkey	Cow - Horse - Donkey h	- (They are) elephants What is that? - (It's) a monkey. It has got a tail What are those?	Board games Real objects	TPR Asking& answering Flashcards Giving instructions
PROJECT 2	Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and find	Tiger Rooster	- (They're) penguins. They are black and		Playing games	
* Visiting a zoo and talking about the animals in the zoo	Students will be able to listen and noose/ colour/ paste/ trace/ cut out the	the shadows of the animals and then match the shadows with the animals. * Students will be able to listen and choose/ colour/ paste/ trace/ cut out the	Snake Sheep Hippo	white Kangaroos can jump Penguins cannot fly Fish can swim.		
* Taking care of animals/ protecting animals	correct animals. Speaking skills: * Students will be able to name the animals in a picture. * Students will be able to ask and answer questions about the animals in a picture. * Students will be able to describe animals by their colours. * Students will be able to talk about abilities and inabilities of animals. * Students will be able to ask and answer questions about abilities and inabilities of animals.		- Birds can fly Can a monkey swim? - No, it can't Can a parrot fly? - Yes, it can.			

	Young learners between 60 and 72 months old				
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE	TARGET	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES
	OBJECTIVES	VOCABULARY			
			- (There are) three		
THEME 9	* Talking about vehicles	Car	buses.	Flashcards	Listening
VEHICLES	* Giving and taking instructions	Bus	- Get into the car.	Posters	Matching
	* Talking about traffic rules	Train	- Get out of the	Story cards	Acting out
PROJECT 1	* Describing vehicles	Taxi	car.	Worksheets	Drawing
	* Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant	Plane	- Get onto the	Audio materials	Colouring
* Playing with toy vehicles	or a song about vehicles	Truck	bus.	Puppets	Drama/ Miming
and giving and taking	* Matching the opposites of		- Get off the bus.	Games	Arts and crafts
instructions	descriptions of vehicles	Traffic	- Go!	Board games	TPR
		lights	- Walk.	Real objects	Asking& answering
PROJECT 2	Listening skills:		- Stop.		Flashcards
	* Students will be able to listen and	Stop	- Look at the		Giving instructions
* Making a poster of traffic	put the vehicles into correct order.	Wait	traffic lights.		Playing games
lights	* Students will be able to listen and	Get on	- It's fast.		
	find the correct vehicle.	Get off	- It's slow.		
VALUES	* Students will be able to listen and	Get into	- Wait for your		
	do the actions about traffic rules.	Get out	turn.		
* Respecting others and	Speaking skills:		- The train is		
following rules in public	* Students will be able to talk about	Fast	long.		
* Waiting for someone's turn	the vehicles.	Slow	- The plane is big.		
	* Students will be able to give and	Short	- The car is small.		
	take instructions.	Long	- The green train		
	* Students will be able to describe		is short.		
	vehicles.		- The white train		
	* Students will be able to understand		is long.		
	and talk about the traffic signs.				
	* Students will be able to match and				
	say the opposites of descriptions.				

	Young learners between 60 and 72 months old				
THEMES	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	TARGET VOCABULARY	STRUCTURES	MATERIALS	METHODS AND TECHNIQUES
THEME 10 FEELINGS	* Talking about belongings * Talking about their own abilities or inabilities * Asking and answering questions about their abilities and inabilities * Giving suggestions * Accepting	Flute Piano Football Skip	I've got a ball.I've got a flute.I can play the flute.I cannot play the piano.	Flashcards Posters Story cards Worksheets Audio materials	Listening Matching Acting out Drawing Colouring
PROJECT 1	* Refusing * Expressing feelings	Dance	- Can you play football?	Puppets Games	Drama/ Miming Arts and crafts
* Skipping a rope , dancing or playing a game	* Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a song about feelings		- Yes, I can. - Can you skip a	Board games Real objects	TPR Asking & answering
and expressing their feelings	Listening skills: * Students will be able to listen and draw/ paste/	Great Good	rope? - No, I cannot Let's play with our		Flashcards Giving instructions Playing games
PROJECT 2	stick the correct feelings. * Students will be able to listen and find the opposite of the feelings.	Нарру	ball. - Okay.		Tanjang games
* Making masks which show the different feelings and then putting	* Students will be able to listen and find someone's abilities and inabilities.	Sad Angry Scared	- Great That's a good idea No, thanks.		
them on	Speaking skills: * Students will be able to talk about their	Surprised Hungry	- Let's danceLet's clap hands.		
VALUES * Listening to friends and understanding their feelings	belongings. * Students will be able to talk about their, someone's (e.g. cartoon character's or an animal's) abilities and inabilities. * Students will be able to ask and answer questions about abilities and inabilities. * Students will be able to mime and help their friends find their feelings in a game. * Students will be able to give suggestions. * Students will be able to accept and refuse someone's suggestions.	Thirsty Full Excited Bored Tired	- Hurrah! I am happy Tom is angry Kate is excited Bob is tired Emily is scared John is bored.		
	* Students will be able to express their own feelings or someone's feelings.				

	COMMUNICATIVE OBJECTIVES	SUGGESTED STRUCTURES	PROJECTS
THEME 1	1. Meeting	1 Hello/ Hi!	PROJECT
FAMILY	2. Greeting (friends)	2 Good morning/ afternoon/ evening!	* Making a family tree and
	3. Introducing themselves and their	3. – I am Kate.	introducing family members
	family members	4. – What's your name?	in the family
	4. Asking and answering questions	- My name's Gary. Nice to meet you.	
	about meeting, greeting and introducing	- Me too.	
	5. Naming family members	5(This is my) Mom.	
	6. Identifying family members	6. – It's Jack's Grandpa.	
	7. Talking about family members	7. – (This is my) sister. Her name's Emily.	
	8. Asking and answering questions	8. – Who is this?	
	about family members	- It's my brother. His name's John.	
	9. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or a		
	song about family members		
THEME 2	10. Identifying numbers from 1-20	10 (This is) number two.	PROJECT 1
NUMBERS	11. Counting from one to twenty in a	11 One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve,	
	rhythmic way	thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty.	* Playing hopscotch
	12. Putting the numbers from 1 to 20	12 One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve,	
	into the correct order	thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty.	PROJECT 2
	13. Doing addition by using toys or	13 How many beans are there in the bag?	
	pictures of toys such as marbles or	- Ten.	* Playing with an abacus and
	blocks	- Put a bean into the bag. How many beans?	count the beads forwards or
	14. Doing subtraction by using toys or	- Eleven.	backwards
	pictures of toys such as marbles or	14 How many beans are there in the bag?	
	blocks	- Nineteen.	PROJECT 3
	15. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or	- Take four beans out of the bag. How many?	* Playing with the bean bag
	a song about numbers	- One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve,	and doing addition and
	16. Asking for permission	thirteen, fourteen.	subtraction by putting beans
	17. Thanking	- There are fifteen beans in the bag.	into the bag or taking beans
	18. Responding to gratitude	16 May/ Can I go to the toilet?	out of the bag
		- May/ Can I come in?	
		- May/ Can I sit down?	
		17 Thank you.	
		- Thanks.	

		18 You're welcome.	
THEME 3	19. Recognizing colours	19 Red. (pointing to the cover of someone's book)	PROJECT 1
COLOURS	20. Talking about the colours of things	20 My marble is blue.	* Stringing colorful beads
	21. Asking and answering questions	21 What colour is the sun?	and making a chain
	about colours	- It's yellow.	
	22. Taking and following instructions	- What colour are the trees?	PROJECT 2
	23. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or	- They're green.	* Colouring in the flag of
	a song about colours	- What colour is the sky?	Turkey
		- It's blue.	
		22 Colour the flowers in pink.	
THEME 4	24. Naming the shapes	24 (This is) a square.	PROJECT
SHAPES	25. Identify the shapes of the objects	25 What is this?	
	26. Describing the things such as	- It's a rectangle.	* Making a chart by using
	blocks, classroom objects, objects, etc.	- They're triangles.	three different colours of
	27. Asking and answering questions	26 My blocks are plastic/ wooden.	shapes
	about shapes	- They are green.	
	28. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or	- They are small	
	a song about shapes	27 Is it a triangle?	
		- No, it isn't. It's a square.	
		- What are these?	
		- They are circles.	
		- Count the circles. How many circles?	
		- Six.	
THEME 5	29. Naming body parts	29 (This is) my head.	PROJECT
BODY	30. Talking about their physical	- (These are) my ears.	
PARTS	appearance	30 I've got blonde hair.	* Playing "Simon Says"
	31. Taking and following instructions	- I've got green eyes.	game in small groups
	32. Giving and taking advice	31 Snap your fingers.	
	33. Listening to a picture story or a	- Stamp your feet.	
	fable	- Close your mouth.	
	34. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or	32 Brush your teeth.	
	a song about body parts	- Flush the toilet.	
		- Wash your hands.	
THEME 6	35. Recognizing the names of the fruits	35 (This is) an apple.	PROJECT
FRUITS&	and vegetables.	- (There are) three oranges.	* Making a fruit salad with

VEGETABLE	36. Describing fruits and vegetables	36It's sweet.	their friends and then talking
S	37. Talking about likes and dislikes	-It's fresh.	about the fruits in the salad
3			about the fruits in the salad
	38. Asking questions about fruits and	- It's crunchy It's sour.	
	vegetables		
	39. Asking reasons and giving	- It's bitter.	
	explanations	37Yummy, yummy!	
	40. Listening to a story or a fable about	- Yuck!	
	fruits and vegetables	-I like bananas.	
	41. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or	Why?	
	a song about fruits and vegetables	- Because they are sweet.	
	42. Giving and taking advice	38 What is this?	
		- It's a plum.	
		- What are these/ those?	
		- They are grapes.	
		39I love apples.	
		- Why?	
		- Because they are crunchy.	
		-I don't like lemons.	
		- Why?	
		- Because they are sour.	
		·	
		42 Wash the fruits.	
		- Wash the vegetables.	
THEME 7	43. Naming seasons and clothes	43 It's Autumn.	PROJECT
CLOTHES&	44. Grouping the clothes according to	- It's Winter.	
SEASONS	the seasons	- It's Spring.	* Making a seasons chart
	45. Taking and following the	- It's Summer.	with the suitable clothes on it
	instructions	44 Put on a T-shirt in Summer.	
	46. Asking reasons and giving	45 Put on your coat.	
	explanations	-Take the umbrella.	
	47. Talking about belongings	46 Put on your coat.	
	48. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or	- Why?	
	a song about the seasons and clothes	- Because it's cold.	
	a song acout the seasons and crothes	47 (I've got) a hat. It's orange.	
		- (I've got) a hat. It's orange.	
		1 - (1 ve got) a nat. It s orange.	

		- I've got a T-shirt.	
		- I've got jeans.	
THEME 8	49. Naming animals	49 (It's) a parrot.	PROJECT 1
ANIMALS	50. Describing animals	50 (It's) a monkey. It has got a tail.	
	51. Talking about the animals	51 (They're) penguins. They are black and white.	* Bringing in a fish or a
	52. Talking about abilities or inabilities	52 Kangaroos can jump.	hamster and feeding this pet
	of animals	- Penguins cannot fly.	
	53. Listening to a story or a fable about	- Fish can swim.	PROJECT 2
	animals	- Birds can fly.	
	54. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or	55 Can a monkey swim?	* Visiting a zoo and talking
	a song about animals	- No, it can't.	about the animals in the zoo
	55. Asking and answering questions	- Can a parrot fly?	
	about abilities of animals.	- Yes, it can.	
THEME 9	56. Talking about vehicles	56 (There are) three buses.	PROJECT 1
VEHICLES	57. Giving and taking instructions	57 Get into the car.	
	58. Talking about traffic rules	- Get out of the car.	* Playing with toy vehicles
	59. Describing vehicles	- Get onto the bus.	and giving and taking
	60. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or	- Get off the bus.	instructions
	a song about vehicles	58 Go!	
	61. Matching the opposites of	- Walk.	PROJECT 2
	descriptions of vehicles	- Stop.	
		- Look at the traffic lights.	* Making a poster of traffic
		- Wait for your turn.	lights
		59 It's fast.	
		- It's slow.	
		- The train is long.	
		61 The plane is big.	
		- The car is small.	
		- The green train is short.	
		- The white train is long.	
THEME 10	62. Talking about belongings	62 I've got a ball.	PROJECT 1
FEELINGS	63. Talking about abilities or inabilities	- I've got a flute.	
	64. Asking and answering questions	63 I can play the flute.	* Skipping a rope, dancing
	about their abilities and inabilities	- I cannot play the piano.	or playing a game and

65. Giving suggestions	64 Can you play football?	expressing their feelings
66. Accepting	- Yes, I can.	
67. Refusing	- Can you skip a rope?	PROJECT 2
68. Expressing feelings	- No, I cannot.	* Making masks which show
69. Singing a nursery rhyme, a chant or	65 Let's play with our ball.	the different feelings and
a song about feelings	- Let's dance.	then putting them on
	-Let's clap hands.	
	66 Okay.	
	- Great.	
	_ That's a good idea.	
	67 No, thanks.	
	68 Hurrah! I am happy.	
	- Tom is angry.	
	- Kate is excited.	
	- Bob is tired.	
	- Emily is scared.	
	- John is bored.	

5. PRESCHOOL PROGRESS REPORT CARD

Communicative objective:

	Name	Activity	S/he joined the activity.	S/ he did well.	S/ he didn't love the activity.
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6. OBSERVATION FORM

Theme:
Name of the game/ activity/ project:
Communicative objective of the game/ activity/ project:

	Student's name	Comments
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